The Supreme Court Declaring their Action he Supreme Court Declaring their Action from the Pirst a Usurpation of Authority and Void-Muny of the Fusionists said to be in Favor of Submitting-A Few in Favor of Resistance-Excitement During the Day. AUGUSTA, Jan. 16.-To-night the situation is changed somewhat. Joseph L. Smith of Oldtown was to-day elected by the Senate Governor for the current political year, and in the presence of both branches of the Legislature took and subscribed the oaths necessary to qualify him to enter upon the discharge of his official duties. He also delivered his inaugural address, which he finished at 5:30 P. M., occupying just forty-five minutes in delivery. A large number of spectators were in attendance, and frequent applause riven. The galleries were filled with special policemen, and extra precautions were taken by Mayor Nash to preserve order, but there was no trouble of any sort, and sverything passed along quietly and smoothly. The other State officers were also elected. The new State officers have all had experience in the duties to which they have been elected. They will be sworn in to-morrow morning. The excitement to-night is intense. The streets are crowded with people, and the great interest as to the result of the proceedings of to-day is

manifested by all parties. The Fusionists are happy to-night, and yet there is an inward feeling of distrust on socount of the decision of the Court, which is yet to come. Republicans are crowding the tele-graph office, in the attempt to catch an inkling of what the tenor of the decision is. Many claim that the Court has decided many ques tions in favor of the Republicans. The Stand-ard office, the organ of the Fusionists, is swarming with men, who have gathered from all parts of the State, eager to learn full particulars of the inauguration and the probable ressult. Republicans are threatening that if the Court decides in their favor, the Fusionists will be cleared out of the State House by Monday, and a full Republican board of State officers elected and inaugurated, and if the Fusionists dare to oppose

publican board of State officers elected and inaugurated, and if the Fusionists dare to oppose
them blood will flow. The mon who talk this
way however, are not noted for their bravery,
but for their blaatant cowardice.

Gen. Chamberlain to-night is as emphatically
opposed to recognizing Smith as Governor as
he was to acknowledging Lamson. He says
there is a different element of doubt in Smith's
case that did not exist in the case of Lamson;
that is, the legality of the House.

This morning a crowd of fifty men were
found concealed in one of the rooms at the
Capitol, having been placed there by Mayor
Nash. Subsquaently it became known that
Nash and Chamberlain had entered into an
agreement and pledged their honor to allow no
distinction of party in the management of
affairs at the Capitol. A crowd of Republican
roughs from Banger arrived in the city to-day,
and were greeted by Republicans. More than
one hundred men are segreted in the neighboring city of Hallowed, waiting for the decision of
the Court, and if it is favorable to the Republicans, a grand outpouring will be had to-morrow. In such an event, the Rump Legislature
will go allowed and elect Davis, and a full set
of State officers.

A large number of Republican politicians are row. In such an event, the framp Legislature will go almeat and elect Davis, and a full set of State officers.

A large number of Republican politicians are intown to-night, and a general meeting is being held. What they are to do it is impossible to tell definitely, but the general impression is that they intend to abide by the court's decision, whatever it may be. They are confident however, that the court will decide that the Governor and Council acted illegally in isauing summonses, and therefore no legal Legislature has been ormanized.

summonses, and therefore no legal Legislature has been organized.

The lump Legislature will meet to-morrow in the Siste House with the consent of Gen. Chamberlain. The Fusionists are feeling as hough the crisis was approaching, that the Sureme Court are preparing another Republican stands peopech, and that in the event of non-compliance with its dietates, trouble will cause. Be that as it may courage and determination to a marked degree are manifested, and they assert with spirit that they will appeal from the Court of Mains to the Congress of the United States. Fighting is strongly talked of ymany Republicans. If the Fusionists refuse to esmally with the Court's decision.

The following communications from Gen. Chamberiain and Mayor Nash were made public to-day, and will probably serve to allay somewhat the great excitement now prevailing: Whereas exciting rumors, which I believe to be en-

Whereas, exciting rumors, which I believe to be en-irsly without foundation, are scread among the people in the state II used is tude held by one barriy as an aimst mother, or is to be attacked by persons in the interests call party to gain possession of it for the jur-ling members cleer from the legislative or give assurance that the rights and privi-or give assurance that the rights and privi-pites shall be protected with connecte in-ite halls are for the uses of the member. Legislature, and shall be held involute for two morradence to the reports that either stoop of a trick, or be rash caugh to us terraine questions of right; but to allow tear of this, I hereby give my persons tall rights shall be respected and protect itempts to gain unfair advantage shall not Joshua L. Chamannia.

ow to allay public excitement, preserve the to assure all parties that their rights shall be respected and secured, I do hereby piedge and honor that the bolice force at he State it but be used for any other purposes than to be present to the members of the present of the space and to secure to the members of the present of the sale and quiet entypoint of their I parables that no discrimination shall be distilled or excluding people from the same on their political affiliations. I advise all persons to legitimate business at the Caritol to stay it the present exclusions at the Caritol to stay it the present exclusions at the Caritol to stay it the present exclusions at the Caritol to stay it the present exclusions.

this message:

the opening it refers to the blessings
th have been conferred on the State by
vidence, pluntful harvests and peace being
merated among them. The duty of the
distance is set forth as determined by the fastrict and carnest endeavor to comply he will of the people and to promote the re of the Sinte. Taking that as a guide of the Minte. Taking that as guide, inter: "So long as we do not seek to roppes its evident requirements, or to the power it has conferred, we cannot go or at least be deprived of the consciousant least be refrains from making suggestions at the departments, but refers to the fact depression in industrial, commer-liminal depression in industrial, commer-liminal depression in the sets. He regards evaluate to the conscious as the departments as the tengands evaluate to the departments as the tengands evaluate to the department as but temporary, and of the mer age relate to educa

ould be apportioned over this year following years. It continues: The charges of violence and intimidation in various

Aucthor joint convention was formed, and the Blate officers were chosen as follows: P. A. Sawyer, Soretary of State; Charles A. White, Prossner: W. H. McCleilan, Attorney-General; M. M. Foisom, Adjutant-General. Both branches of the Legislature adjourned until to-morrow at 9 o'clock. clock. Republican Senators and Representatives

Mr. Lamson, President of the Senate, has ad-ressed the following to Gen. Chamberlain:

To Major Gen. Chamberbin;
I guarantee that the body which assembled in the
House of Representatives on Monday lest and adjourned
to 3 o'clock to snorrow and the body which mes in the

Senate Chamber and adjourned to the same time to-morrow, can meet at that time in their respective Houses without interference from any party. James D. Lauson.

morrow, can used at that time is their respective Houses without interference from any party.

Three companies of militia are under orders from Gen. Chamberlain, but will not be brought to the city unless needed. The Capitol Guards of this city are ordered to appear at their armory at 7 o'clock to-morrow morning.

Despatches were received in this city this evening stating that the Superior Court had solidly sustained the Republicans are in the city, and there is great rejoicing among them. The Fusionists are correspondingly depressed. There are some here who are urging the Fusionists to resist the court, go forward and impeach the Judges, but many Fusionists are known to be in favor of submitting. Thore is a division in their ranks.

The following important document was tonight promulgated by Gov. Joseph L. Smith and served upon feet. Chamberlain, who remarked upon receiving it that he was waiting for the decision of the Supreme Court, but he was visibly affected upon its receipt, Gov. Smith means to enforce this order immediately:

**Smeard Orders No. 12, dated Jan. 5, 1880, assigning Gen. Joshua L. Chamberlain to command of the volunteer militia, its hereby revoked.

II. General order No. 4, dated Jan. 5, 1880, assigning Gen. Joshua L. Chamberlain to duty as Commander of the First Division Maine Militia, and requiring the commanding officers of all military organizations accepted into the service of the State is hereby revoked.

III. Special order No. 45, dated Jan. 5, 1880, authoriting and directing Gen. J. L. Chamberlain to protect the public property and institutions of the State is hereby revoked.

III. Special order No. 45, dated Jan. 5, 1880, authoriting and directing Gen. J. I. Chamberlain to protect the public property and institutions of the State is hereby revoked.

III. Special order No. 45, dated Jan. 5, 1880, authoriting and directing Gen. J. I. Chamberlain to commander of the First Division Maine Militia, and requiring the commanding officers of all military organizations accepted into the servi

The Supreme Court Decides against the Fusionists. BANGOR, Jan. 16 .- The Supreme Judicial Court have forwarded their answers to the questions propounded by the Republican Legislature, and they sustain the position of the Republicans in every point. The answer to the first question is as follows:

lature, and they sustain the position of the Republicans in every point. The answer to the first question is as follows:

An election has been had by the electors of this State. The rights of several persons voted for depends upon the voice castin accordance with the Constitution and the laws of the State. It was the duty of the Overnor and Council thus to declare it. Any declaration of a vote not thus ascertained and declared is unauthorized and void. The Governor and Council examined the returns and undertook to declare the result as it appeared by the returns. Various questions involving the true construction of the Counties of the Constitution and the Statutes relating thereto arose, and, the Governor, by virtue of his constitution of preopative, called upon this Court for its opinion upon the questions propounded. By the provisions of the Court was required to expound and construction the Court was required to expound and construction. The opinion of the Court was thus obtained in one of the modes provided in the Constitution for an authoritative determination of "Important questions of law." The law thus determined is the conclusive guide of the Governor and Contacil in the performance of their individual duties. Any action on their part in determining the vote as it appears by the returns, in violation of the Constitution and is within declared, is a usurpation of authority and must be held void. It only remains the apply those principles to the subjects embraced in the questions propounded. The Governor and Connecil in the constitution and is within declared, is a usurpation of authority and must be held void. It only remains the apply those principles to the subjects embraced in the questions propounded. The Governor and Connecil have no right to summon the propounded of the Constitution of the Constitution of the Constitution of the court also declared to act and that the counted on the propound of the summon declared in the region of the propound of the court also declared by the Constitution of the

and House mot at 10 october this morning. In the House the first business was the report of the Committee on Elections, declaring William Murray, Fusionist of Vasadistor, satisful to seat instead of the Rev, Dr. Nathaniel Butter, Resultions. The report was accepted, but on the seat of the Rev, Dr. Nathaniel Butter, Resultions. The report was accepted, but on the seat of the Rev, Dr. Nathaniel Butter, Resultions. The report was accepted, but the notice of the meeting was not lead; that one other meeting was not lead; that one other meeting was not lead; that one other seasons passed the build box out of the seasons of the meeting was not lead; that one other seasons passed the build box out of the seasons of the seaso

the store, was aroused by some one trying to open his bedroom door. He jumped up and soized a bootjack, just as the door was burst open, and two men entered, one of whom carried a light.

Mr. Gropey grappled with the first man, and the two rolled upon the floor. The man who carried the light fired a pistol, the builet lodging in Mr. Gropey's arm, but in the excitement the old man did not notice his wound. After the firing the burglars, evidently slarmed by the noise they had made, turned and fled, followed by Mr. Gropey, who ran, in his night dress into the Bath road before he discovered his wound. Then he turned back and sank exhausted on his stoop. The neighbors were aroused, and Dr. Dumond probed for the ball. He found that it was imbedded in the arm-bit, and it has not yet been extracted.

The burglars left behind in their flight a sixbarrelled revolver, a skeleton key, and a jimmy. They did not secure any plunder. Mr. Gropsy says he could recognize them.

JUSTICE ANGEL'S CLERKS.

ONE STILL ON THE DEFENSIVE, THE OTHER TO DECIDE TO-DAY.

Mr. Jordan I., Mott Sued by Clerk Clarke's Brother to Recover the Cost of his Canvass for the Office to which Angel was Elected. The hearing upon the writ of habeas corpus in the case of Peter V. Clarke, committed by Civil Justice James R. Angel for alleged contempt of court took place yesterday, before Judge Donohue. Mr. Clarke, who was Clerk of the Tenth District Civil Court on the 1st of January, when Mr. Angel assumed his duties as the newly elected Justice of that court, and appointed a clerk in his piace, refused to vacate the office, claiming that his (Clarke's) term had not expired. Justice Angel, on Wednesday last, adjudged Clarke guilty of contempt, "committed in the immediate view and pres-ence of the Court," Ex-Judge Cardozo, counsel for Ciarke, demurred to the return of Sheriff Bowe, that he held Clarke upon Justice Angel's commitment, and contended that the commitment was absolutely void on its face: first, because there was no seal u, on it. The act of 1847, dispensing with the necessity of soals in certain cases, expressly exempted from its operation writs of this description. The next objection was that while the instrument purported to be signed by Charles C. Bigelow, clerk, upon its face, it showed there was another clerk, and there was no allegation in the return controverting the averment of the petition that that clerk was duly appointed and held the office at the time the commitment was made. Judge Cardozo further contended that if there was anything charged in the commitment which plainly could not be a contempt of court, the Judge could not make it a contempt by calling it so, and as it was a general commitment, any illegality upon it voided it entirely. One of the charges was that when the Justice asked Clarke whother the clerk's office of the court "was locked and barricaded with bolts and bars across the doors," Clarke replied affirmatively, and refused to remove the bolts and barricade when asked to do so, and refused

and bars across the doors," Clarke replied a standard sta

KEARNEE'S COMING EMPIRE,

The California Sand Lot Orator's Distribe-He Attacks Prominent New Yorkers in Lan-guage that Cannot be Reported by The Sun. Cooper Institute was thronged last evening by those who assembled to hear Denis Kenrney's warning against the coming empire. Just before the speaker appeared, and while the audience were waiting, a young man walked out upon the platform and said:

" I am not Denis Kearney, but Thomas Foley, [Great applause.] The question before the people is whether you want in this country—'Here one of Capt. McCullagh's men escorted the orator from the platform. Mr. Foley afterward confided to the Captain that the conclusion of his conundrum was "U.S. Grant for Dictator ?"

New Haven, Jan. 17-1 A. M.-The Hayden jury has been locked up for the night. At 5 P. M. Mr. Watrous came from the Judge's room and took his seat on the bench, peering humorously through his glasses. He said

humorously through his glasses. He said:

"The meeting will please come to order." The buzzing ceased, but was followed by laughter and clapping of hands. Mindful of the cleasing scenes in the Bucholz trial the Speriff said:

"This must be stopped. If there is not work clapping of hands the court will be cleared." Mr. Watrous remained on the bench and several humorous requests to "Charge" were sent him. At 5's Judge Sandford adjourned the court until 7's.

Supper for the jury was served at 6 o'clock on the reporters' and counsel's tables. Charge were lighted after supper, and the court room was filled with the fragrance of tokacco. The Hayden family took a frugal meal in Bradley's dining room. It had been rumored that the clergyman had shed tears while in the Sheriff's office in the afternoon, but his bearing on the way to supper gave another coloring to the rumor. He was calm and conflicing the fars of his devoted wife were immed in her countenance and manner. His father and mother were oppressed with suspense. After supper the sad family group returned to the Sheriff's office. Mrs. Hayden rectined on a lounge during the long hours, a picture of despair.

At 10:30 there was an alarm at the door of the

despair.
At 10:30 there was an alarm at the door of the jury room. The following communication was sent to the Judges: Has the State got to prove by direct evidence that the accused and the deceased had an opportunity to have criminal intimacy?

Has the State got to prove by direct evidence that the accessed and the decreased had an opportunity to have criminal intimacy?

Judges Park and Sanford ascended the bench, and Messra, Walier, Watrous, Harrison, Jones, Hubbard, and Zacher grouped themselves at the right of the bench. They read the request.

"I assume, your honor, that that question is asked by the foreman of the jury," said Mr. Waller.

Justice Park nodded. Two loud knocks at the door of the jury room were heard, the Judge directed that the door should be opened, and the jury marched in, flushed and troubled. They took their seats. The Sheriff seat for the prisoner. Within two minutes the clerryman struggled through the crowded alse, accompanied by Pepules Stovens and Tucker. His hair was dishove led and he seemed to have been awakened from sleep. He was perfectly calm. He relied a quid within his cheeks as he passed to his seat. None of his family accompanied him. The court room was silent as the grave. Justice Park answered the question propounded by the jury as follows:

In answer to the question progeomed by the hirr, the Court histricely on that any material fact may be proved by direct or circum stantial evidence, but the jury must be satisfied beyond reasonable dooth upon all the evidence in the case that the accused and the decreased had criminal numbers in order to establish the netwice land of the commission of the homicide.

At the request of the jury, the Justice repeated the answer, He then said: The jury may retire again." They slowly filed from the box and again left the court room. Mr. Hayden rejoined his afflicted family in the Sheriff's office. The juryes and withdrew to their room, and the hum of conversation armin rose. At midnight there were no signs of a verdict.

At 12:18, as there was no prospect of an agreement, the Court adjourned until 9 o'clock this morning.

EXPLOSION ON SHIPBOARD.

TWO MEN KILLED AND SHVERAL IN-JURED ON THE STRAMER GREECE.

gshoreman's Body Murled 50 Peet Inte the Air-Passengers and Others Prostrated on Beck and Burned-The Supposed Cause By an explosion in the steamship Greece of the National line, shortly after her arrival at her wharf, foet of First street, Hoboken, vesterday afternoon, two men were instantly killed and eight others were injured. The explosion caused great excitement among those of the passengers who had not yet disembarked. The Greece left London, under command of Capt. Service of Group. Ber-Chandry is an accordance of the control of t William B. Pearce, on the 1st of January with eleven first-class passengers and 120 steerage passengers. Her cargo consisted of valuable merchandise. She arrived at Sandy Hook at

voyage.
Coroner Wiggins began a preliminary investigation last night, and heard conflicting stories. Some men reported to him that the "longshoremen descended into the hold with a lantern, and others denied this. The Coroner will begin a formal investigation to-day. The damage to the vessel, the officers say, will not exceed \$800.

THE QUARREL AT KALISCH.

Showing the Warlike Feeling in the Russian Army Toward Germany.

LONDON, Jan. 16 .- A Berlin despatch to the Times says: "The rumors of a recent disagreeble affair between Russian and Prussian officers at Kalisch, Poland, are fully confirmed, and elicit strong comments in military circles. The Bussians became so excited that they actually drew swords on their guests, and bloodshed was only prevented by the intervention of the Russian Colonel, who conducted the Prussions to his own quarters and ordered an escort of thirty Hussars to conduct them to the frontier, as he feared that the Russian officers would lay in ambuscade for them. Profuse apologies will doubtless be made at St. Petersburg, but the will doubtless be made at St. Petersburg, but the affair illustrates the feeling prevalent in Russian military circles."

The semi-official newspaper, the Post, says:
"What has occurred shows the sentiments of the Russian army regarding Germany, which, in view of the army's influence on Russian polity, will sooner or later, according to opportunity, be translated into actions."
On the other hand, a Reuter despatch from Berlin says: "The commander of the Fifth Prussian Corps telegraphs from Posen that the reported quarrel between Russian and German army officers at Kallsch, Poland, never occurred, and that the entire story is a pure fabrication."

srmy officers at Kallsch. Poland, never occurred, and that the entire story is a pure fabrication.

The Hamburger Correspondent (newspaper) is responsible for the publication.

St. Peterseuro, Jan. 16.—The Invalide Russe contradicts the censational despatches realize to the alleged Russias Invalidation of the western frontier, and points out that only inst. December Russia's love of peace caused her to reduce the army \$6,000 below a peace feeting. Further peace measures and a further reduction of the army, that journal says, are contemplated.

Therefore, In a second the second reduction of the same, that journal says, are contemplated.

Therefore, In the second reduction of the peace of the second reduction of the second reduction of the contemplated of the says that the personal friendly relations existing between the Car and Emperor William are a wholly insufficient guarantee against the dangerous complications which now threaten the peace of Europe. It intimates that the lives of both these sovereigns are in constant peril, in one case from natural causes and in the other from the dagger or platel of the assassin, and hints that the death of either of the two would be the signal for the explosion of the mine upon which Europe is now resting. The Gazelle then refers to the affray at Kallsch, and without attaching unduc importance to the incident, draws from it the conclusion that affrays like these bring into powerful light the extremely strained and critical condition of the relations between the two empires.

Blood vessels are sometimes hurst by whooping cough, like's House of Hopshound and Tarrisieves it surely.

Blood vessels are sometimes burst by whooping coughtale's Honey of Horehound and Tar relieves it surely.

Fike 'Toothache Drops ours in one minute. — 414.

EXCITED GERMAN POLITICIANS.

A Meeting with Two Chairmen where G Globes and Clubs were Introduced

The German Republican Central Committees for 1880 were organized last evening in the Steuben House in the Bowery. One hundred and twenty-seven delegates were elected to the Committee at primaries held in the twenty-four Assembly districts. Those delegates assembled in the hall on the second floor of the Steuben House, Ex-Judge A. J. Dittenheefer, the Chairman of last year's Central Committee, called the delegates to order, and directed the Secretary to call the roll. One hundred and twetny-seven delegates answered to their names. Then ex-Judge Dittenhoefer said that the next business in order was the election of a President. Thereupon ex-Internal Revenue Collector Morris Friedsam took the floor. He

cess severs had their clothing torn, and the processes were captured by the mob. A process server called upon the constabulary to fire upon the people and help him to secure his papers at any cost, but the constabulary declined to shoot, contenting themselves with warding off the coset of the crowd as well as they could with fixed bayonets. In this attitude they were pretty badly cut up by missiles thrown at them by the populace.

Immediately after the Cabinet Council yesterday summenses were issued for another meeting to-day. The Right Hon. James Lowther, Chief Secretary for Ireland, was present during to-day's Cabinet Council.

DUBLIN, Jan, 16.—The writs served on Messrs, Davitt, Daly, Killen, and Brennan, indicted for sedition, being returnable to-day, they attended at the Crown Office, but were informed that they have still four days' time before surrendering. The proceedings connected with their surrender will be formal but private. Many formalities, probably occupying a week, must be observed before the trials can commence. It is avain reported that the trials of Davitt, Daly, Killon, and Brennan are to be dropped.

The Irish Relief Fund instituted by the Duchess of Mariborough now amounts to \$25,000.

THE RIOTING IN PESTH. Hists that the Internationals are at the Bottom of It-The Ricting Renewed. LONDON, Jan. 16 .- The Vienna correspondent of the Times says that the last and worst of the Pesth mobs is composed entirely of laborers and roughs, and hints that the International Society is believed to be at the bottom of the mischief. Newspapers of all shades of opinion denounce the authors of the tumult. The students who participated in the demonstration on the first day have published a declaration disclaiming any connection with the rioting. The correspondent declares that it is extremely doubtful who fired the fatal shots, but the belief is that they proceeded from the rioters themselves. Certainly, he says, no order was given to the troops to fire.

LONDON, Jan. 17.—The Standart's Vienna despatch says that Count Tisza, President of the Hungarian Council, suddenly left for Feath on Friday, in consequence of rumors that the populace would storm the club of the mobility in that city to-night.

The News Festi despatch reports that forty persons, mostly boys, have been arrested. They confessed that they had been britted to make a disturbance. It is the general belief that the back of the movement has been broken.

PERTH. Jan. 16.—The rioting was renewed in this city last night on a formidable scale. The gas lamns in the street in front of the Casino club house were broken, and shots from revolvers were fired at the police. One policeman was wounded. Twenty-one of the rioters were arrested. mischief. Newspapers of all shades of opinion

Walker E. Brown committed suicide last vening by shooting himself on the stoop of his home at 10 West Thirteenth street. Death was instanta-10 West Thirteenth street. Beath was instantaneous Brown was nincteen pears old, and lived with his father, who is proper if was well educated and was see profed in beaute by his although a supplied his wents in very particular with the father, who knew of no trouble, red to the father who knew of no trouble, red to take the threatment of the profession of the father with threatment of the pears of the father with the father than his behavior had ever been noticed to indicate that he was other than him to the the same to take a walk It is not known weers be went but on his return he shot hinself at the door. Goroner know was notified to attend to the cose.

It is important to check a cough at once. Dr. Bull's Cough op run will do so. Price 20 cents. - Ada.

ASKING HIS RESIGNATION

PRICE TWO CENTS.

BERGEN COUNTY REPUBLICANS TO COM GRESSMAN FOORHIS.

They Request Rim to Roogn in Behalf of the Party-Mr. Voorble's Reply on Reing Asked to Explain the Indictment Against Rim, HACKIMBACK, N. J., Jan. 16 .- When the and nouncement was made, a little over two months ago, that Charles H. Voorhis, Representative in Congress from the Fifth District of New Jersey. had made an assignment to the Hon. A. A. Hardenbergh, the people of Bergen County were taken by surprise, and the first feel-ing was one of sympathy; but after the nature and magnitude of the transactions which led him to financial ruin became known,

ed in Elm street and a line of pine was stretched through Cortlandt place to the roar, where the building towered up two stories higher than in front. The fire speedily spread to a dangerous extent, and a second and third alarm were sent out. The large fore thus summoned attacked the flames from front and rear.

The flames were chiefly in the rear, where the closed iron shutters hampered the work of the Fire Department and allowed the fire to eat its way up story by story. The most vigorous work seemed for a long time to have no effect. Cortlandt alley was a network of the tall building adjoining, at the corner of Franklin street. Six engines on Broadway were also hard at work, and smoke Broadway were also hard at work, and smoke Broadway were also hard at work, and smoke and steam hung in the heavy atmosphere so thickly that even the lanterns of the firmen could hardly be seen.

A & C. Kaufman, the occupants of the first

be seen.

A. & C. Kaufman, the occupants of the first story, had a large stock of pictures, decaleomanic and other decorative goods, which fet the flomes. In the stories above, J. E. Andrew's shirt factory, stock was scarcely less inflammatic. shirt factory, stock was scarcely less inflammable.

It was midnight before the fire was under control, and by that time therear of the building had been burned out.

The occupants of the adjoining buildings suffered severely from damage by water. None of the owners visited the scene of the fire except Mr. A. Kaufmann. He said that his firm was about to move to 70 Duane street, but had not removed any of the stock, which he thought would approximate \$50,000 in value. It is likely to prove a total loss.

J. E. Androws & Co. loss heavily on stock and machinery, the total being estimated at \$50,000. The building is owned by the Robbins estate, and was damaged to the extent of \$15,000. Firms occupying adjoining buildings suffered considerably by water. The origin of the fire is not known.

Titan Seen by the Eclipse Observers.

San Francisco. Jan. 17.—Profs. Davidson of the Coast Survey, and Frisby of the United States Naval Observatory, who observed the recent eclipse from Santa Lucia Mountain with powerful instruments, have re-turned. They report the complete success of the obser-vations. They say they are not yet at liberty to make the exact result public, but add that the confusing phe-nomenon of Bailey's Reads was absent, and that an in termercurial planet was observed.

Ex-Paymester Bellows to be Reinstated. WASHINGTON, Jan. 16.-The Cabinet to-day liscussed the case of ex-Paymaster of the Navy Bellows of New York, who was dismissed from service in 1868. of new tors, who was dismissed from service in 1808. Mr. Bellows claims that he was wrongtially discharged, and has applied for reinstatement. The Cabinet are in leaver of his reinstatement, but the difficulty appears to be about placing him without creating dissatisfactor amour other officers of the navy. It is thought, how ever, that the matter will be satisfactorily arranged.

The Mississippi Senatorship. JACKSON, Miss., Jan. 16.-Pive ballots were taken by the Democratic categors to shift without def-rite result. The less ballot stood as follows: Barkadais 68, Walshid, 39, Singleton, 38.
The caucus then adjourned until Monday night, when I no selection is made, the senatorship will be decide by the Legislature on Tuesday.

Divorce Laws in France. Pants, Jan. 16.-The Divorce Committee of the Chamber of Deputies have made a report favoring the granting of a divorce after five years of descritos and by mutual consent, after being twenty years married. The tribunals have the power to append divorce to the punishment for certain offences against morality.

The Signal Office Predictions.